MR. PARRY AT CHAUTAUQUA

"MOB SPIRIT IN ORGANIZED LABOR" IS HIS TEXT.

He Says Strikes Are Worse than Lynching Bees, and that a Labor Union Is "a Standing Mob."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13 .- The feature of to-day's session of the International Typographical Union was an address by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, most of which was devoted to advocacy of the organization of employers, but in the course of which he sharply criticised D. M. Parry, of Indianapolis.

Mr. Gempers said the organization of employers should be welcomed as tending to promote conciliation and harmony with the least possible amount of disturbance; yet, he contended, there is an element in those organizations which fails utterly to understand the purposes of unionism, and which is, therefore, calculated to injuriously affect the best interests of all. He declared that he effort to destroy unionism could succeed, and said that extremists on the side of employers can be compared only to Herr Most. "Parryism and its parasites," he said, alluding to the recent speech of D. M. Parry, of Indianapolis, in criticism of unionism, "is the greatest possible tribute to our move-

Much of the convention's time this morning was spent in considering the situation growing out of the strike at Scattle and Spokane, Wash., and to hearing an address by Frederick Driscoll, commissioner of the Publishers' Association, in relation to that strike and to the attitude of the local unions toward his organization.

The committee appointed to make suggestions for a memorial in bonor of the late Amos Cummings made a report recommending that an appropriate monument of Colorado granite be erected in the grounds of the Printers' Home at Colorado Springs. Col. No action has been taken on the re-

Thomas A. Whallon, superintendent of the municipal printing office in Boston, was introduced. He spoke briefly on the workings of municipal ownership. He expressed the hope that Boston would not be the only city to be heard on municipal ownership at

the next meeting of the unio The executive council was authorized by a resolution to expend whatever sums may be deemed necessary for the purpose of organization work in Philadelphia. Delegates from Philadelphia made a strong fight to have the amount fixed specifically at \$50,000. "If Philadelphia will contribute a fund for the purpose of unionizing Philadelphia. said President Lynch, "the executive council will put up dollar for dollar and will not stop at \$10,000 if that sum be needed."

PARRY ON MOBOCRACY.

He Says Union Labor Is Worse than the Lynching of Negroes.

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., Aug. 13.-David M. Parry, president of the National Manufacturers' Association, was to have delivered his address on "The Mob Spirit in Organized Labor" in the morning, but he was delayed and did not arrive until this afternoon. Thomas I. Kidd, vice president of the American Federation of Labor, was to have followed him, but the schedule was upset and Mr. Kidd spoke first. However he was supplied with a summary of the remarks Mr. Parry purposed to make and so was able to some extent to antici-4 o'clock and elicited much applause. He

but to my mind the most dangerous of them | terred in various cemeteries. all is the mob of organized labor. No man, I take it, can object to any kind of an association, labor or other, which is organized for lawful and beneficent purposes, but organized labor, as it is conducted to-day, stands convicted by its own leaders as lawless organization.

tinually railing against the laws and de- catastrophe such as occurred in Paris. pouncing courts and public officials for enforcing these laws, it fulfills all the requirements of the definition of mobocracy. Unlike the lynching bees and vigilance committees, it is what may be termed a standing mob, under fair discipline by its officers, and ready, on occasion, to commit the overt acts of outrage and destruction which are the outward manifestation of the meb spirit. It declares, in effect, that its will s superior to customs, traditions, government regulations, and even the constitution be taken from him, and that, therefore, it has the right to say that no man shall work, and that no industry shall run with-

"In its attempt to compel a recognition of its pretensions to sovereignty it relies not upon reason, but upon coercion, intimiappeal to the baser passions of men, it is unfurling of the red flag of anarchy.

of Labor recently declared in an interview: cannot discriminate in its favor. It sounds to former employes. fair on the face of it, but without discrimination we are just where we started. What we have been fighting for is union labor to the exclusion of all other. "These are the words of a conservative

man among union leaders and they voice | Found by Boys Playing in Suburb of the sentiment of the agitators the country over. To their minds, if you deny the right of their organization to commit illegal acts, you are attempting to crush it. If organized labor has only lawless purposes it ought to be crushed. During the last year the attempts to

force men to give allegiance to strike bosses will control industry, independent of the Ravenswood, now in Long Island City. laws of the country, have resulted in mob | The head was wrapped in an old German conditions in many of the labor centers. Supremacy of law and order has not only sustained many severe shocks, but the Nation has lost millions of dollars by the organized idleness of men. This loss must fall heavier on the man who depends on body were found in various places, but the his daily wage than on those who have head was never discovered. something to fall back on. It is time that the workmen of this country were learning that for the millions of dollars they pay in | still has over nine of her fifteen years to salaries to the agitators they are securing | serve in Auburn prison. in turn nothing but ceaseless trouble, enforced idleness and less of the comforts of life. They are also bidding for the destruction of their most precious possession -that of industrial liberty. Their investment is mobocracy and a mighty poor in-

Thomas I. Kidd, of Chicago, opened the "The Labor Unions and the Mob Spirit." He asserted that the leaders in labor riots were usually recent converts to unionism, flushed with the possession of power. One explanation of riots advanced by him was that thousands of workingmen had been embittered by the conditions of their childhood, and their experiences in later life with the company store and other evidences of greed and power arrayed against them had made them more

Mr. Kidd insisted, however, that the percentage of riots in labor troubles was small. saying that records of 25,000 strikes in seven years showed that fewer than 1 per | the flood. He had lived for years in a little cent. had been attended by riots. He did not believe Mr. Parry correctly represented | left in its place a new, well-built six-reom the employers of the country. The employment of detectives and agents who excited The bachelor tried to find out where it

men during the anthracite strike, for the whitecapping of miners in Colorado, for the riots at Danville and Evansville. The lawlessness of the few, he insisted, should not obscure the good citizenship of the majority of trades unions. But to con-

Had Unusual Ideas.

He never sold a mixed drink, declined to

if he knew a man's family suffered because

he frequented Showles's place, no price

"No beer for you, my friend," he would

say. "Take your money home to your fam-

ily. I do not want it; they need it," and he

Six o'clock in the evening was his closing

hour, and when the clock struck six his best

customer was told that business was over

IMPOSING FUNERAL.

Public Obsequies of Unclaimed Vic-

tims of Paris Tunnel Horror.

eral was held to-day of the nineteen vic-

tims of the Metropolitan road tunnel

catastrophe whose bodies were unclaimed.

The bodies were removed from the morgue

to the prefecture, a part of which was

transformed into a mortuary chapel. The

coffins were laid in two rows on a plat-

form and were covered with black crape

ty and the Metropolitan Railroad Com-

Premier Combes delivered a short ad-

dress condoling with the relatives of the

GEN. CHAFFEE

U.S.BATTLESHI

PARIS, Aug. 13 .- An imposing public fun-

here for more than thirty years,

could buy a drink.

adhered to this rule.

for the day.

duct unions to please the employers would make them valueless to the workmen. MACEDONIAN LEADER SAYS THE FEW LIKE HIM. AMERICAN PRESS IS VENAL.

Death of Milwaukee Publican Who He Says Turkish Gold Has Influenced MILWAUKEE, Aug. 13.-John A. Showles It to Hostility Against the Cause a saloon keeper known to almost every one of the Rebels. in Milwaukee as "Judge" Showles, is dead of heart failure. He had conducted a saloon

sell more than three drinks to a man, and SPREAD OF THE INSURRECTION

FIGHTING GOING ON AT A DOZEN POINTS AT ONCE.

Success First for One Side, then for the Other-Russia Brings Pressure on the Porte.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Aug. 13.-The Macedonian leaders express themselves as greatly disappointed with what they assert is the ward their cause, as manifested in the utterances of the press. Dr. Christo Tartarcheff, one of the vice presidents of the central internal Macedonian committee, to-day told a representative of the As'sociated and masses of flowers from the municipali-American newspapers had been bought

vali of Monastir and has been exiled to M. Ziniovieff, the Russian ambassador, relative to the murder of M. Rostkovski, the Russian consul at Monastir, continue. The Turks apparently desire to avoid the execution of the murderer, the gendarme named Halim, while the Russians insist that he shall be publicly executed in order to serve as a warning. The Russian em-

\$40,000 offered to the widow is insufficient. The settlement of the affair, however, probably will not be long delayed. In diplomatic circles grave concern is shown at the news from Macedonia, where the whole population seems to be becoming involved, even the women participating in the fights against the Turkish troops. It is realized that even with the best intentions the Bulgarian government will have difficulty in stemming a popular outbreak in Bulgaria in the event of the continuance of the movement in Macedonia. News from Monastir and other parts the disturbed area is slim. Telegraphic communication is no sooner re-established

bassy also considers that the indemnity of

than it is cut again. FIGHTING AT MANY POINTS.

Turks and Rebels Meet Varying Suc-

cess-Consuls in Danger. SALONICA. Aug. 13 .- It is reported that Bulgarian insurgents have massacred the inhabitants of the large Turkish village of Kenati, near Monastir. Only twenty cs-

The civil and military authorities at Sa-

lonica wired to Constantinople on Aug. 11, stating a general insurrection was expected for Aug. 14 and disclaiming all responsibilmediately of 20,000 exclusively Mussulman gendarmes for service in Salonica. The insurgent banner was unfurled on Aug. 10 at insurrection is spreading eastward. According to the latest advices from Monastir, dated Aug. 10, the Bulgarians sul. M. Rostkovski.

PROTECTED CRUISER OLYMPIA

WAR GAME ON THE COAST OF MAINE.

Four thousand troops are bombarding Krushevo, which is in the hands of the in-"There seems to be no other explanation | surgents, and the Bulgarians in the Krush- | Lord George Hamilton said the fears

MAKES GREATER ARMAMENTS NEC-ESSARY IN BRITISH INDIA.

Lord George Hamilton Tells the Commons of the Government's Efforts to Better the Situation.

ENGLAND'S FOREIGN RELATIONS

LORD LANSDOWNE EXPLAINS THEM IN HOUSE OF LORDS.

Russia's Latest Move-Admiral Alexieff Appointed Viceroy of Districts on Chinese Border.

LONDON, Aug. 13.-Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, in opening ity unless they were reinforced. Constan- the annual state, neut of the Indian budget cepted. distinctly hostile attitude of America to- tinople replied, ordering the enrollment im- in the House of Commons to-day, read an encouraging story of the progress and stability of India's finances. He pointed out Knosko, near Giergeveli, showing that the that there had been substantial surpluses in the last three years, amounting this year to \$15,250,000. This financial situation will Press that his party was convinced that are elated at the death of the Russian con- enable the government to reduce the salt the amendments save two unimportant tax by 25 per cent., and make considerable remissions in the income tax.

REAR ADMIRAL BARKER

year might be dismissed.

He considered that the proposal that In-

troops to be kept in South Africa as reason-

was advancing in Central Asia and take

into account the difficulty that would at-

tend the transporting of troops from Great

Russia had steadily consolidated her

power and strength in Central Asia, but he

believed, with Lord Beaconsfield, that Asia

was big enough to satisfy the aspirations

doubted fact that as Russia increased her

strength she increased her power of mobili-

zation. Every single military man had been

compelled to admit that in certain event-

ualities large reinforcements must be sent

to India, while every naval man expressed

the opinion that in such an eventuality

difficulty in the way of guaranteeing the

India. He regretted that the Indian govern-

ment did not take the same view. If Vice-

their objection to the scheme it would have

He commented on the success of the cur-

The fluctuations in the exchange value of

the rupee during that period has been only

roy Curzon and Lord Kitchener, the com-

to be dropped.

fited enormously by the stability of the ex-

BRITISH FOREIGN RELATIONS. Their Condition Brought Out by In-

arbitration at The Hague would soon be

Definite instructions, he declared, had

been given by the British government that

The government was anxiously watching

events in the Balkans and would utilize

every oportunity of mitigating the troubles

there. Sir Nicholas O'Connor, British min-

ister at Constantiople, telegraphed to the

government Aug. 9 that the Turkish gov-

ernment was fully alive to the danger of

permitting excesses by Turkish troops and

was punishing and imprisoning the offend-

Lord Spencer further called attention to

the government's agreement with the Cu-

nard Steamship Company, which was ap-

proved by the House of Commons yester-

day, and moved for a return of the statis-

tics relating to previous subsidies. Lord Selborne defended the agreement on naval

and economic grounds. It kept, he said, at

least one of the great transatlantic lines

under British control, and it had not mere-

ly a naval, but a wider national aspect.

Lord Spencer's motion was afterwards ac-

Land Bill Finally Adopted.

LONDON, Aug. 13 .- The House of Lords

to-day agreed to the Irish land bill in the

form finally approved by the House of

Commons. The latter house accepted all

ones added to the bill by the lords. The land bill now only awaits royal consent to

VICEROY OF RUSSIAN CHINA.

Admiral Alexieff Appointed Civil and

Military Commander.

royalty, comprising the Amur district and

the Kwan-Tung province (created August,

1899) has been established. Heretofore the

Amur district has been controlled by a

ieff, aid-de-camp general to the Czar, as viceroy of this far Eastern territory. He

will be vested with supreme authority in

all the branches of the civil administra-

tion, the direction of which will no longer

be in the hands of the ministries. It will

be the viceroy's duty to maintain order and

insure safety in the district traversed by

the Eastern Chinese Railway as well as to

watch over the needs of Russian inhabi-

tants, both within and without the Rus-

A ukase, signed by the Czar and promulgated Aug. 12, appoints Vice Admiral Alex-

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 13 .- A new vice-

become a law.

governor general.

the Chinese journalists at Shanghai should

not be surrendered to Chinese justice.

removed.

terpellations in the Lords. LONDON, Aug. 13.-Answering various Diseases Caused by questions on foreign affairs raised by Lord

Spencer, the Liberal leader, in the House of Measles. Lords to-day, Foreign Secretary Lord Lansdowne said there was reason to hope Dr. Miles' Restora. that the difficulties in the way of a settlement of the claims against Venezuela by

tive Tonic and Nervine Cured After Thirty-one Years.

"I was a perfectly healthy young man up to February 1865. When my regiment was in Camp Randall I was taken sick with the measies and I did not enjoy good health up to the time I used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Tonic in 1896. Doctors have told me it came from inactivity of the liver. cannot say how many physicians did treat me but have had all kinds. Dieting has never helped me. Biliousness, attacks of headache, rheumatism, nasal catarh, hay fever, asthma, and chronic diarrhoea; have all taken their turn with me. Thanks to the Nervine and Tonic I am completely restored to health. I have also used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills with good results and I think that the Dr. Miles Remedies are perfect."-Rev.

Hiram Bender, Sparta, Wis. "I want to say a few good words for Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. I have been troubled very much with insomnia since made the change to the new paper and on account of this have tried various remedies without relief. I was finally induced by a wholesale druggist, a personal friend of mine, to try Nervine. I can assure you it has done me a lot of good. I do not find it nec-essary to use it regularly now but occasion-ally when I find that I am excessively nervous and restless I again take it up as I always keep a supply on hand. It has never failed to give me the desired relief."-A. Huegin, Publisher "Daily Free-Press" Mil-

waukee, Wis, All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address D- Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

and how Indiana people are spending their vacations, make very interesting read-

sian possessions bordering on the territory The Indianapolis under his jurisdiction. Diplomatic negotiations with neighboring states regarding the affairs of this territory will be in the hands of the viceroy, who also will be intrusted with the command of the Russian fleet in the Pacific and all the troops in the new viceroyalty. Until law embodying the duties of the viceroy is issued, the regulations drawn up in 1845 for the administration of the far Eastern

and Caucasion territory will remain in A special committee, presided over by the Czar, will see that the actions of the viceroy are in harmony with the general policy of the Russian ministries. Viceroy Alexieff has been instructed to submit to the Czar for his approval proposals for the administration of the territory over which he is about to assume jurisdiction.

England Will Not Object.

LONDON, Aug. 13.-The Associated Press correspondent learns, on high Russian authority, that the establishment of a viceroyalty for the Amur district and Kwan-Tung province will not affect the evacuation of Manchuria in October. For some time Russia has been considering the advisability of placing the control of all of her far Eastern territory and Manchuria under one head, instead of three, as at present. As long as the Russian occupa-tion of Manchuria shall last. Viceroy Alexieff will be in charge and will command the troops in that region, but when the evacuation shall occur he will simply have control of the Port Arthur and Talienwan zone, which are indubitably Russian. The British government is aware of the ukase and has taken no action, nor is it expected

Roosevelt's Aid to Be Invoked. YOKOHAMA, Aug. 13.-A special dispatch from Peking to a local newspaper here says dia should contribute to the cost of the Prince Ching has secured Russia's consent to the invoking of President Roosevelt's able. They had to face the fact that Russia good offices in connection with the Man-

IN INTEREST OF PEACE.

Britain to India in certain eventualities. Appointment of Alexieff Is So Regarded in London.

LONDON, Aug. 14.-The Daily Mail this morning declares that the appointment of Vice Admiral Alexieff as viceroy of the Amur district and Kwan-Tung province is most important, as it indicates the triumph of M. De Witte, the Russian finance minister, and the policy of peace over General Kuropatkin, the minister of war, and that it is a significant step toward the settlement of the existing differences both with China and Japan. The Daily Mail says that there has existed for years a sharp division in the Cabinet over the far Eastern policy there might be a combination or other and that General Kuropatkin and a majority of the ministers insisted that the actual annexation of Manchuria should be secured immediately, at any cost of money or credit, On the other hand, M. De Witte steadily opposed taking any step to precipitate hos tilities between Russia and any other power mander-in-chief in India, both maintained is needed to bring about all that Russia desires in Manchuria, and, as chancellor of the exchequer, is anxious to secure the benefits of annexation at the least possible cost. rency policy introduced four years ago. So sharp was the dissension between the two parties that when General Kuropatkin visited the far East he avowed his intention not to set foot in Manchuria, declaring that it was De Witte's affair and not his. M. De Witte has triumphed not only by securing the selection of Vice Admiral Alex-

ieff, who is the Emperor's personal friend, but by managing to exclude the action of the Cabinet in Manchurian matters in the future by making the viceroy responsible solely to the Czar himself. General Kuropatkin's forward policy will, therefore, be relaxed if not abandoned, and M. De Witte will have a free hand in dealing with the Manchurian question.

A Scheme That Failed to Work. New York Times.

A reporter for one of the papers that cares more for pictures and signed statements than for news recently went over to Gouverneur Hospital to secure a picture of Dr. Emily Dunning, the woman ambulance surgeon. Now, Dr. Dunning is really pretty, and her picture was therefore very But Dr. Dunning did not care to have her

picture printed. The reporter had a photographer with him, but the pretty physician would not pose. The reporter was worried. He saw his chance of promotion becoming dismally less. "I have it." he finally exclaimed to the otographer after a consultation. "Come

The two went down to the East river and the reporter explained his plan. "I will jump into the drink," he said, "and I will be puled cut. An ambulance from Gouverneur Hospital will bring Dr. Dun-ning. While she works over me you make pictures of her. And I will have a story of how it feels to be the patient of a woman ambulance surgeon. Good. The reporter jumped into the chilly waters of the East river. A policeman heard the splash and jumped in after him. The reporter resisted, but the policeman was ambitious, pounded him into submission and dragged him ashore. An ambulance was summoned from Gouverneur Hospital. It came with clanging bell. A muscular young man in white uniform dropped off, pressed the water from the reporter's lungs, sent him to a police station under arlieved Dr. Emily Dunning ten minutes beSummer Kesort Happenings

> ing these hot days. This news is especially featured in

Sunday

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matters not how people pick out their living, they all have to have stoves. There are two things that a man should be especially careful in selecting. One is a wife, the other is a stove. You are safe in choosing

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YOUR SUMMER VACATION.

If you take one you will want to keep in touch with home. The best way to do this is to have the Journal mailed to you. Leave your order before starting. We will change the address as often as you desire.

SEALS, STERCILS AND STAMPS.

GEOJ MAYER, SEALS, TO STENCILS, STAMPS TEL 1386. 15 EMERUDIAN ST

Some of the Ships that Will Participate, the Commander of the Land Forces and the Flag Officers of the Opposing Squadrons. victims and promising measures of relief of the tone of their articles," said he. evo and Reka districts are suffering severe- regarding a scarcity of food in India this pate the points made. Mr. Parry spoke at | for the families, while the president of the municipality spoke of the universal sympathy displayed throughout the world. The bodies were then borne to Notre "In this country in the last year there Dame Cathedral, where the religious cerehave been many mobs of different kinds, mony was held, and afterwards were in-

Tunnels to Be Investigated.

BERLIN. Aug. 13 .- The minister of public works has ordered a thorough examination | press. of the Berlin underground railroad sys-'In that it stands by physical force to tem in order to determine what steps are override individual rights, and is con- necessary to avoid the possibility of

STRIKE IN COLORADO.

Drainage Tunnel Tied Up by Walkout of Miners.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., Aug. 13.-Union miners working in the drainage tunnel were called out to-day by their executive officers. of the country. It asserts that the indi- | The tunnel, which will drain most of the vidual has no inherent rights that cannot big mines in the district, would be completed in another week at the rate of progress heretofore maintained. The strike was ordered in consequence of the refusal of Superintendent Bainbridge to employ only

"We will complete that tunnel if it takes dation and the bludgeon. In its continual | the United States army to protect the work preachments against law and its constant and if it is necessary for us to put on our working clothes and do the labor ourdoing more than any other agency to incul- selves," said President Samuel Bernard, of cate the mob spirit, and to encourage the the El Paso Mining Company, which has the contract for building the tunnel. About "The president of the Chicago Federation | 4,000 miners are idle in the district. The mine owners have announced their deter-The President deals a death blow to or- mination to resume operations as soon as ganized labor when he declares that he men can be secured, preference being given

GULDENSUPPE'S HEAD.

Long Island City.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.-A human head, supposed to be that of William Guldensuppe, who was murdered in 1898, was found to-day by some boys near the former In their plans to set up an oligarchy that boundary line between Dutch Kills and newspaper and it was found within three blocks of the store where Mrs. Naack bought the oil cloth, the identification of which led to the arrest of the woman and of Martin Thorne. Other portions of the Thorne was executed at Sing Sing for the murder of Guldensuppe, and Mrs. Naack

What a Journalist Is.

Memphis Scimitar. The editor's only son was seemingly struggling with a perplexing problem. He moved uneasily on his hobby-horse and finally twisted all the mane off his steed. Then he crawled up on his father's knee and, looking enquiringly in his face, said:

"Pa, what is a journalist?" "My son," said the editor, as he meditatively stroked the golden head of his offspring. "My son, a journalist is a man who wears a plug hat and no shoes and borrows money from newspaper men."

Beneficiary of the Flood.

Kansas City Journal. An old bacheler living about six miles from Richmond was a large beneficiary of old shanty. The flood washed it away, but house, which is well furnished throughout.

the movement, but decidedly inimical to it. It is impossible that such an attitude could arise from ignorance of the true state of affairs in a country so intelligent as America, and it is also difficult to believe that the impression created by the Miss Stone affair

"In relation to the present situation only real, practical intervention by the powers can stop the fighting of the insurgents. Salonica and Sorovitch. Failing in such intervention, the campaign use of arms. Their number could be quadrupled were it not that the difficulty of feeding such an army renders its increase inadvisable. The Turkish troops are badly clothed and demoralized. They have repeatedly refused to march against the insurgents, who are well supplied with arms and ammunition, chiefly purchased from Turkish soldiers who sold their guns for cash almost within sight of the barracks of Monastir. By the plentiful employment of money insurgent bands have been enabled to smuggle any quantity of guns across the frontier, and the highest Turkish officials have readily accepted insurgent gold." the committee lived in daily hope that the powers would recognize the justice of their

cause and intervene. He said the friends of the cause looked chiefly toward England, as the pioneer land of liberty, to assist General Tzoncheff, president of the Macedonian committee, and his friend, Colonel Jankoff, both of whom are ex-officers in the Bulgarian army, have been arrested by the Bulgarian police near the Macedonian frontier under the suspicion that they were

on their way to join the revolutionists. The report that the revolution had broken out in the Vilayet of Adrianople was premature. Complete tranquillity reigns everywhere in Bulgaria.

GREECE IS KEEPING WATCH.

Has Trouble to Prevent Macedonians Crossing the Frontier. ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 13.-The Macedonians in Greece petitioned Premier Ralli for permission to cross the frontier with arms in order to join their brethren in Macedonia. M. Ralli refused to grant them

permission and counseled them to remain Reports received from government agents in various districts of Macedonia are of a disquieting character. They say the outbreak is steadily progressing and now ex-tending northward from Monastir and also toward Salonica. Numbers of new adherents are daily joining the insurgent bands. Krushevo is still in the hands of the insurgents, who also have captured Klisura, the chief town in the sanjak of Mahis, vilayet of Monastir.

Italy Takes Much Interest.

ROME, Aug. 13.-Great interest is taken in Italy in the Balkan situation, especially among the Albanians, who inhabit villages in the southern part of Italy and Sicily, where they preserve their nationality, customs and religion. News received here concerning the situation omes particularly from the Servian frontier. The latest reports say that Colonel Yankoff, one of the Macedonian agitators, has enlisted many Bulgarian youths, and occupies a strong po-sition in the mountains. At Yenije-I-Varbar two hundred insurgents, helped by six hundred well-armed peasants, are resisting the military garrison.

RUSSIA BRINGS PRESSURE.

Demands Execution of Murderer of

"They are not only unsympathetic toward by. Insurgent bands frequently visit Kastoria. A big fight is proceeding at Diavat, Trustworthy information from Chegani, in the District of Florin, says the Turks

IST CLASS BATTLESHIE

KEARSARGE

have decided to murder the Austrian con-Great anxiety prevails at Monastir owing to the threatening attitude of the Turkish soldiers. It is stated that the French and could have so prejudiced the American Italian consuls are in danger of their lives. Fighting is proceeding at Chernareka, near Gumenje, to which place reinforcements have been sent. A great movement of troops is proceeding at Mitrovitza, will be prosecuted to the bitter end. The effect that the insurgents have occupied

Information from Monastir is to the bands now fighting in the villayet of Mona- Klirusa and Pissordore and that the Al- of the two nations. Therefore, he was not stir consist of 9,000 to 10,000 men, mostly banian rebels have been disastrously de- jealous of the advance of Russia, but no young and enthusiastic and trained in the feated in the Debyrsko region. A Turkish responsible minister should ignore the unpost near Sorovitch has been robbed.

Many Villages Burned.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Daily Mail prints a dispatch from Belgrade which says that the Turkish troops destroyed the village of Leskevatz and fourteen other places in the district of Uskub and that the insurgents have burned the villages of Nakoletz and Krani, inhabited by Albanians, and the difficulty in the way of guaranteeing the Turkish village of Kashani. It is stated transport of troops from Great Britain to that when the insurgents captured the Dr. Tartarcheff concluded by saying that | Turkish mail a few days ago they carried off \$125,000.

BACK FROM THE HARVEST. Five New Yorkers Had to Sleep in the Police Station.

Kansas City Star. When the harvest days are over, Jessie, I one-half of 1 per cent., and the fluctuation dear,
We'll have had enough of labor, never fear. during the past year only one-quarter of
1 per cent. The Indian merchants had bene-And you bet we'll never wait 'Till we're back in old York State,

When the harvest days are over, Jessie, So sang five young men yesterday as they peered through the iron bars of the St. Louis avenue police station at the first rays of the morning sun. The young men were not prisoners. They were in jail simply because they had nowhere else to sleep and Captain Ennis didn't like to turn them into the streets. All five of the captain's guests were from New York State. They were nice-looking boys, fairly well dressed, but terribly disappointed with their trip and very anxious to go home. Their ages range from eighteen to twenty. Their names are Richard Burton, James Douglas, Edward

Whitmar, walter West and William Herman Schlubohn. "We came out West to work in the harvest fields," said one of the five. "The railroads are advertising in the East for men to go out there, and we supposed we could get work at once. Instead of this we find the harvest days are over; we are broke and now it's get back home the best way we can. That's hard business. "The West isn't what I thought it would said another. "We all expected to find

Indians in Kansas City.' "Well," said Captain Ennis, "there's plenty of Indians here, all right, but they're the right kind. Where are your guns?" "We pawned them in Chicago," said Bur-"Now we'll have a nice time getting back to little old New York, won't we?" The five tourists were advised by Captain Ennis to go back as quickly as they could and they promised to do so. The whole crowd didn't have 10 cents.

A Platform for Two Parties.

New York Sun.

A New York newspaper man was dining with David Bennett Hill at a bachelor friend's apartment recently and Mr. Hill asked the newspaper man what he thought of the political outlook for the next naional campaign. "What will the issues be?" he inquired. "Tariff, Philippines -- ? The newspaper man interrupted by

Baron Curzon, of Kedleston, husband of rest on a charge of attempting suicide, and then went back to the hospital. He had re-Mary Leiter, of Chicago, who probably will be continued another two years in charge fore the ambulance call was received. the men to violence, said Mr. Kidd, placed much responsibility on certain employers. Organized labor, said he, was not responsible for the employment of private police
The detectives and agents who excited the detective and selected the detection of the detective and selected the detection to the detection of the detection the detection of the

VICEROY OF INDIA.